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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/894,379	06/29/2001	Richard Henry Dee	2001-019-TAP	5546
7	590 06/02/2006		EXAM	INER
Wayne P. Bailey Storage Technology Corporation One StorageTek Drive Louisville, CO 80028-4309			CASTRO, ANGEL A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2627	
			DATE MAILED: 06/02/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/894,379	DEE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Angel A. Castro	2627
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim  17 iii apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 Mar</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This      Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under Expression in the practice of the practic	action is non-final.	
Disposition of Claims		
4)  Claim(s) 1,4-11 and 14-38 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 1,4-11 and 14-38 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers  9)  The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10)  The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)  access Applicant may not request that any objection to the consequence of the papers are subjected to by the Examiner 10.  The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)  access Applicant may not request that any objection to the consequence of the papers are subjected to by the Examiner 10.  The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)  access Applicant may not request that any objection to the consequence of the papers are subjected to by the Examiner 10.  The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)  access Applicant may not request that any objection to the consequence of the papers are subjected to by the Examiner 10.  The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)  access Applicant may not request that any objection to the consequence of the papers are subjected to by the Examiner 10.	vn from consideration.  r election requirement.  r.  epted or b) □ objected to by the forwing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is objected to be the forwing(s) is objected to be the forwing(s) is objected to be the drawing(s) is objected to be the drawing(s).	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of</li> </ul>	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	(PTO-413) ite atent Application (PTO-152)

### **DETAILED ACTION**

This Office Action is in response to Amendment filed 3/7/06.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 4-6, 10-11, 14-16, 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tobise et al (U.S. Pat. 5,748,416).

Regarding claims 1 and 11, Tobise et al discloses a reduced sensitivity spin valve sensor apparatus (figure 15), comprising:

a spin valve sensor; and

at least one magnetic effect inducing device 21,

wherein the at least one magnetic effect inducing device induces a magnetic field to the spin valve sensor to thereby reduce a sensitivity of a free layer of the spin valve sensor to applied magnetic fields and wherein the at least one magnetic effect inducing device is a pair of permanent magnet stiffening elements and wherein the spin valve sensor is positioned between at least two insulating films 41, 42 (column 13, line 67; column 14, lines 45-48 and 15-21).

Regarding claims 2 and 12, Tobise et al discloses that the at least one magnetic effect inducing device is at least one permanent magnet (column 14, lines 40-42 and 8-9).

Regarding claim 4-5, 14-15, Tobise et al shows that the at least one magnetic effect inducing device is a pair of permanent magnet stiffening elements 21 formed of cobalt-platinum/chromium magnets (see column 13, line 67, and figure 15).

Regarding claims 6 and 16, Tobise et al discloses that the at least one magnetic effect inducing device reduces the spin valve sensor's propensity to saturate (column 14, lines 21-27).

Regarding claims 10 and 20, Tobise et al discloses at least one magnetic shield 52, wherein the at least two insulating film are alumina (column 13, lines 61-63, column 14, lines 2-4).

3. Claims 1, 7-9, 11, 17-19, 21-28, 29-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fontana et al (U.S. Pat. 5,528,440).

Regarding claims 1 and 11, Fontana et al discloses a reduced sensitivity spin valve sensor apparatus (figure 5), comprising:

a spin valve sensor 60; and

at least one magnetic effect inducing device 91, 66,

wherein the at least one magnetic effect inducing device induces a magnetic field to the spin valve sensor to thereby reduce a sensitivity of a free layer of the spin valve sensor to applied magnetic fields (column 8, lines 16-20) and wherein the at least one magnetic effect inducing device is a pair of permanent magnet stiffening elements and wherein the spin valve sensor is positioned between at least two insulating films (see figure 6G, one above edge 100 and another below edge 101).

Regarding claims 7, 21, 17 and 29, Fontana et al discloses that the at least one magnetic effect inducing device is an antiferromagnet layer (column 6, lines 53-57).

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Regarding claims 8-9 and 18-19, Fontana et al discloses that the antiferromagnet layer generate a longitudinal exchange induced bias field in the free layer that reduces the sensitivity of the free layer to applied magnetic fields (column 8, lines 16-20).

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4. Claims 1, 7-9, 11, 17-19, 21-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Miyauchi et al (U.S. Pat. 5,852,533).

Regarding claims 1 and 11, Miyauchi et al discloses a reduced sensitivity spin valve sensor apparatus (figures 3-4), comprising:

a spin valve sensor; and

at least one magnetic effect inducing device 126,

wherein the at least one magnetic effect inducing device induces a magnetic field to the spin valve sensor to thereby reduce a sensitivity of a free layer 121 of the spin valve sensor to applied magnetic fields and wherein the at least one magnetic effect inducing device is a pair of permanent magnet stiffening elements and wherein the spin valve sensor is positioned between at least two insulating films 402 (column 7, lines 58-64 and figure 6).

Regarding claims 7 and 17, Miyauchi discloses that the at least one magnetic effect inducing device is an antiferromagnet layer (column 7, lines 44-46).

Regarding claims 8-9 and 18-19, Miyauchi discloses that the antiferromagnet layer generate a longitudinal exchange induced bias field in the free layer that reduces the sensitivity of the free layer to applied magnetic fields (column 7, lines 58-66).

Regarding claims 21 and 29, Miyauchi discloses that the at least one magnetic effect inducing device includes a pair of antiferromagnetic layers 124, 126 (see figures 3 and 4).

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Regarding claims 22-24 and 30-32, Miyauchi shows that the pair of antiferromagnetic layers includes an antiferromagnetic layer 126 that pins a ferromagnetic layer at zero degrees relative to a long axis of the free layer and an antiferromagnetic layer 124 that pins a ferromagnetic layer at ninety degrees relative to a long axis of the free layer 121 (see figure 4).

Regarding claims 25 and 33, Miyauchi discloses that the first and second antiferromagnetic layers have different blocking temperatures (column 8, lines 52-63).

Regarding claims 26 and 34, Miyauchi shows a ferromagnetic layer 123 spaced from the free layer 121 by a nonmagnetic layer 122 (see figure 3).

Regarding claims 27-28 and 35-36, since the thickness of the spacer layer of Miyauchi is the same as Applicant's, it is inherent that the thickness of the nonmagnetic layer is used to control the ferromagnetic exchange between the ferromagnetic layer and the free layer.

Regarding claims 37-38, Miyauchi et al discloses that the at least one magnetic effect inducing device 126 (figure 3) induces the magnetic field to the spin valve sensor thereby reducing the sensitivity of the entire free layer of the spin valve sensor to applied magnetic fields.

## Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 3/7/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant asserts in page 8, last paragraph:

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"Tobise's invention has an entirely different purpose, and to that end, uses permanent magnets with magnetic characteristics that are diametric opposite of the stiffening elements as claimed."

The Examiner points out that until now the magnetic characteristics of the stiffening elements has not been claimed in order to differentiate the claimed invention from the structures disclosed in the prior art.

Applicant asserts in page 11, last paragraph:

"In other words, *Fontana's* objective is not to induce the magnetic field to the entire free layer of the spin valve sensor but only to the ends of the free layer. As a result, this express teaching cannot be extrapolated to mean the entire spin valve sensor and not just the ends."

The Examiner respectfully points out that the structure of Fontana is the same as the structure of figure 8 of the instant application. The free layer having a pair of permanent magnets would have the magnetization of the ends fixed. It is not clear what is the meaning of the "entire spin valve" since the free layer is the only element that can reduce the sensitivity of the spin valve according to the claims. New added claims 37-38 refers to figure 9A different from figure 8 where the permanent magnets 860 and 870. If Applicant tries to combine different embodiments, it is requested that it points out where in the figures the features of claim 1 and 37 are shown.

#### Conclusion

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Angel A. Castro whose telephone number is 571-272-7584. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday, 8 AM to 6 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hoa T. Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-7579. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Angel Castro, Ph.D.